

SCHOOL WORKERS
EXCHANGE IDEASGood Meeting of Principals and
Teachers.

NEEDS ARE POINTED OUT

ENCOURAGING ADDRESSES BY
PROMINENT EDUCATORS.

All the principals and teachers of the city schools met yesterday in the assembly room of the new Lafayette school to listen to addresses upon school work. The principal speaker was A. C. Nelson, state superintendent of public instruction, who took for his subject, "The School, Its Organization, Its Teachers and Its Curriculum."

"I can see no reason why the school year of 1904-5 should not surpass any previous year. We have the best corps of teachers the schools have ever had, and there is perfect harmony between them and the school board."

In his quoting from the report of the clerk of the city board of education, Mr. Nelson added: "I believe that the clerk of the board did not resort to any exaggeration of facts when he reported that every indication at this time points to the most successful school year the city has ever had."

"It is eminently fitting that we should meet today to discuss acquaintances. Last Monday morning nearly 2,000 children entered the schools of Salt Lake City for the first time. These children came representing the home training and influence of an almost endless variety of conditions. These materials form the warp and woof of which you are asked to weave a fabric that shall contribute to the strength and efficiency of our national welfare."

"And I wish to make the contention here with earnestness that the most important service of school life is the surveying of a little information, the teaching of boys and girls the art of living together in harmony and mutual helpfulness. It is in our public schools that our national unity is to be conserved."

Pressing Social Problem.

Mr. Nelson went on to outline the difference between the influences of the home and that of school training, and to emphasize the necessity for eradicating all tendencies towards exclusiveness. "The pressing social problem of today is to prevent cleavage between the rich and the poor. If our schools do not train children for upright manhood and pure womanhood they fail of their highest duty."

Mr. Nelson contended that utilitarianism was in reality the most real form of humanitarianism in many cases. The superiority of American educators over European is the management of the mind in South Africa was the means of bringing about the most important educational events of this year, one of them being the coming of the Mosley commission from England."

The speaker regretted the fact that the former functions of the home and church in training the youth on ethical and moral lines are being transferred to the school. "But," he said, "we as teachers must meet the conditions with renewed energy and vigor."

"It is true that some of our large and heavily populated communities have given rise to complex organizations which cramp the individuality and appreciably destroy the usefulness of those immediately charged with the education of the child. Such hampering conditions do not surround you here in Salt Lake City. The machinery is simple and necessary. With such conditions as prevail here the individuality of the individual is maintained."

Superintendent Nelson dwelt on the great advantages possessed by a teacher with a pleasing personality. "But," he said, "it was necessary over and above this for the teacher to have a thorough grasp of the subject to be taught. She can never give what she does not have, neither can she intelligently direct or inspire her pupils to acquire knowledge of the subject of which she is ignorant. I know of nothing more helpful for a teacher than for her to pursue a definite course of study. It matters little whether it be closely or remotely related to her work."

"In conclusion, fellow teachers, permit me to congratulate you on the favorable conditions under which you enter your work of this year."

Why Changes Are Made.

D. H. Christensen, superintendent of the city schools, took for the subject of his address, "The Teacher and Her Relation to the Course of Study." He said, in part:

"There are certain studies now being taught in the public schools which were formerly deemed facts, but are now considered necessary to the education of the young. Among these may be named music, nature study, manual training and sewing. All these have now passed through the experimental stage, and their right to a place in the curriculum can no longer be questioned."

"In recent years psychologists have given us more definite and reliable information concerning the mind and its growth. Because we can better understand the relations of each subject taught in the public schools to the growth of the child's mind certain changes have been made of late in the methods of school work. It is necessary for the teacher to understand the subject she teaches so thoroughly that she may be saturated with it. She must understand it philosophically, see its relation with the great scheme of education; she must understand it scientifically so as to be familiar with its relations to other subjects; she must understand it pedagogically to be able to present it to the child in a manner that will satisfy his needs."

"The present trend of education is to dignify the work of teaching so that better and more efficient men and women are drawn to this profession."

Best Schools He Had Seen.

W. L. Stockwell, state superintendent of public instruction of North Dakota, was introduced and delivered a brief address. He said that he had visited the Salt Lake public schools and found them among the best he had ever seen. "I do not know whether you have ever heard of the public schools of North Dakota," said Mr. Stockwell, "but the reputation of the Salt Lake schools has gone broadcast through the country as being most excellent and efficient."

Superintendent Christensen presented to the teachers Mat Thomas, the new member of the city board of education, who delivered a few remarks intended to impress upon his audience their responsibility as teachers.

SAYS WIFE HAS TEMPER

William Doxey Declares His

Spouse Has a Violent

Disposition.

William Doxey has filed an answer to the complaint of his wife, who desires a divorce on the grounds of cruelty. The husband denies almost every allegation made by his wife, even that they were married on April 29, 1883. He declares the wedding took place April 19, 1884. Doxey denies that for a month prior to Aug. 16, 1904, he treated his wife cruelly or that he called her vile names except on a few occasions when she had done so first in a quarrel. The only times he ever shook her, he claims, were when she was suffering from hysteria or fits of anger, and he avers that he shook the woman in order to calm her. Her claim that he called her lazy he also denies.

Doxey further alleges that the property of the couple is being sold by the wife, and that she is having the same sold in order to keep peace in the family. Doxey said that he has denied himself the pleasure of visiting his mother and his six children as Mrs. Doxey is jealous of his social life and continually importuned him not to visit his relatives.

According to Doxey, his wife is slightly insane, and anything said in her presence that she does not understand she imagines she is being made fun of, and by her constant accusations respecting such matters, causes her husband much pain and sorrow. Doxey avers the woman has a violent temper and constantly indulges in paroxysms of rage, heaping upon him the names of the most vile and obscene creatures. During these spells, he says, she would throw herself on the floor, grasp the legs of tables and chairs so she cannot be raised to her feet. She often spat in his face, says Doxey, and he was obliged to leave the house.

Doxey is a stonecutter, and claims that he can only work half a year, so cannot afford to pay his wife alimony. He left her Aug. 13 because on his way home that day she met him on the street and proceeded to abuse him roundly.

MRS. RYCKMAN CITED.

Ordered to Tell Court Why She Keeps Diamonds.

Judge Stewart yesterday ordered that a bench warrant be issued for Mrs. Gertrude Ryckman to appear in court at 10 o'clock Monday morning and show cause why she should not be punished for contempt of court for failing to obey an order to produce certain diamonds in her possession which are claimed by the state.

The diamonds are valued at \$1,000, and consist of a pair of solitaire diamond earrings, one solitaire diamond finger ring formerly used as a pin. The Gleech woman brought suit Aug. 11 for the recovery of the stones, which she claims Mrs. Ryckman wrongfully took from her last winter.

Court Notes.

The trial of Mrs. Mary Mayberry on the charge of insanity has been postponed until 10 o'clock Monday morning. Judge Hall will hear the case.

Alfred E. Decker has commenced divorce proceedings against Frances Decker on the ground of neglect. The couple were married Aug. 19, 1897.

A. W. Felt has been granted a permanent injunction against H. Greenhalgh, the latter being ordered not to enter the building which is being erected, Greenhalgh is a contractor who has been working for Felt. The latter claimed Greenhalgh did not finish his job according to contract time and did not work. He asked the court for an injunction to keep the contractor away from the building in the future. The costs of the suit devolve upon the defendant.

Elizabeth Mary Draper has brought suit for divorce against Joseph Draper on the grounds of cruelty, habitual drunkenness and failure to provide. The couple were married Jan. 11, 1889, at Moroni, and have six children. The wife alleges that Sept. 3 the husband left home and staid away three days, during which time he was in a state of intoxication. Mrs. Draper affirms that such conduct has been frequent within the last year, causing her great mental distress. She asks for permanent alimony of \$30 a month for the separate maintenance of herself and children.

TYPHOID FEVER DECREASING.

Less Than Half as Many Cases This Year as Last.

The report of the city board of health for the week ending Sept. 17 shows a total of 28 births, of which 19 were males and 9 females. The death report shows a total of 17, of which 11 were males and 6 females.

There were no cases of scarlet fever reported during the week. Two cases of diphtheria were reported this week, making two in quarantine. Ten cases of typhoid fever were reported this week, against 23 cases for the same week last year. A case of measles was reported this week.

The city is still free of smallpox.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

John M. Whiting, Salt Lake, 21

Viola L. Layne, Salt Lake, 20

Josephine Phillips, Oakley, 23

Wade Helmer, Salt Lake, 24

Mabel Todd, Salt Lake, 19

Klase Meibos, Salt Lake, 18

Alma Rentes, Salt Lake, 48

Rita L. Evans, Salt Lake, 18

Maud E. Standing, Salt Lake, 22

There's a reason.

Look in our package for the famous little book, "The Road to Wellville."

FALL TRADE IS
OPENING STRONGSugar and Wheat Will an
Influence.

BIG FALL ORDERS FILLED

LACK OF SPECULATION STILL A
FEATURE.

The good record of the Utah mines, the good crops and the high prices for all farm products continue to be the controlling factors in the local trade situation, giving the market a buoyancy that would otherwise be lacking. Solidity is the best term to use in describing local business. There is a freedom from speculation that is a cause for comment in view of the abundance of money in the market. And the continued rise in the quotations of local commercial stocks is an indication that money is to be had at low rates of interest for all safe investments.

Sugar making in all the Utah and Idaho factories is expected to start during the coming week. At the Lohi factory active work will start on Wednesday. All indications point to the largest crop of beets ever raised in the inter-mountain country. Not only is the acreage much larger than ever before, but the yield per acre is exceptionally heavy and the percentage of sugar is expected to be fully up to the highest standard established in the past. This condition is having its influence on trade conditions, and is stimulating sections in a way to please all concerned.

Summer Dulness Passes.

Bradstreet's says: "Trade in all lines presents a very encouraging aspect. Usual summer dulness is gradually disappearing and country buyers are placing satisfactory holiday orders."

Dun's takes an equally sanguine view of the situation. "In Utah and on the whole West," it says, "the buying season is well advanced. The quotations at the close of the week were as follows:

Deseret National bank, \$276.00
Z. C. M. I., 162.50
Home State Insurance company, 141.00
Utah Sugar company (preferred), 4.75
Common, 3.20
State Bank of Utah, 122.00
Deseret Savings bank, 260.00
Zion's Savings Bank & Trust Co., 142.00
Utah National bank, 102.00
Butcher Bros. Bank, 102.00
First National bank, Ogden, 210.00
Rocky Mtn. Bell Telephone Co., 81.00
Com. Wagon & Machine Co., 91.25
Common, 61.50
Frontier Sugar company, 10.00
Amalgamated Sugar Co., 91.50
Common, 102.50
Idaho Sugar company, 10.00
Lewiston Sugar company, 10.00
Mormon church bonds, 101.50
Com. Ry. & Power Co. bonds, 30.50
S. L. C. Railroad bonds, 101.50
Sumpter Valley Railroad bonds, 103.00

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

Heber S. Sanders et ux. to Frederick Peterson, a piece of land in section 7, township 2 south of range 1 east, S. 5 Mary Rider to Rosalia A. Levy, part of lot 8, block 42, plat B, 3.500
Charles A. Varley et ux. to Isaac Shorrey, part of lot 1, block 1, plat B, 400
V. W. Rice et ux. to Michael Riggs, lots 11 and 12, block 1, subdivision 475
Agnes R. Bourne and husband to Adelson Cain, Jr., lots 28 and 29, block 10, Highland park, 500
Charles J. West et ux. to Utah Packing company, a piece of land in section 25, township 2 south of range 1 east, 1
Glenn R. Peterson et ux. to Henry Geisler, part of lot 8, block 1, plat A, 450
Rebecca E. Peterson to John Chandler, lots 12, 13, 14 and 45, lot 11, Perkins' first addition, 300
Caroline Hansen to Hugo D. Block, son of ux., part of lot 4, block 3, plat D, 1,200

WILL LECTURE ON BIBLE.

American Unitarian Association Field Secretary in City.

Rev. George W. Stone, field secretary of the American Unitarian association for the Pacific coast, arrived in Salt Lake yesterday morning from Oakland, Cal. Rev. Mr. Stone will deliver a lecture Sunday morning at Unity hall, taking for his subject "Science, the New Witness for Religion."

Dr. Stone will remain in Salt Lake City for several weeks and during his stay here will deliver a course of free lectures on "The Bible in the Light of Modern Knowledge." The first lecture in the course will be delivered at 7:45 o'clock this evening at Unity hall.

The Bible lectures are delivered under the following heads: First lecture, "The History," second lecture, "The Religion," third lecture, "The Inspiration," fourth lecture, "Its Use."

SKIN DISEASES

Altoona, Pa., June 20, 1903.

I was afflicted with Tetter in bad shape. It would appear in blotches as large as my hand, a yellowish color, and scale off. You can imagine how offensive it was. For twelve years I was afflicted with this trouble. At night it was a case of scratch and many times no rest at all. Seeing the good the medicine was doing a friend who was taking it for Eczema, I commenced it, and as a result the eruption broke to dry up and disappear, and to-day I am practically a well man. Only two tiny spots are left on the elbow and shin, where once the whole body was affected. I have every confidence in the medicine, and feel sure that in a short time these two remaining spots will disappear. S. S. S. is certainly a great blood purifier, and has done me a world of good. I am grateful for what it has accomplished, and trust that what I have said will lead others who are similarly afflicted to take the remedy and obtain the same good results that I have.

125 East Fifth Ave. JOHN F. LEAR.

While washes, soaps, salves and powders relieve temporarily, they do not reach the real cause of the disease. The blood must be purified before the cure is permanent. S. S. S. contains no potash, arsenic or mineral of any description, but is guaranteed purely vegetable.

Send for our book on the skin and its diseases, which is mailed free. Our physicians will cheerfully advise without charge any who write us about their case.

The Swift Specific Company, Atlanta, Ga.

FLOUR QUOTED
10 CENTS HIGHERMilling Wheat Is Scarce and
Being Shipped Here.

NEW WHEAT ON THE MARKET

CRANBERRIES CAME IN YESTER-
DAY FROM CAPE COD.

High patent and straight grade flour advanced 10 cents per hundred yesterday, and in all probability it will take another jump next week. The dealers say that there is but little milling wheat on the market, and it has been so scarce shipments have been made from Oregon. During the last few years a great amount of the Utah wheat has been shipped both east and west, just after thrashing season, and as a result there is no wheat on the market for milling. Just at present there is a good supply of new wheat on the market, but most of the old wheat for milling purposes is being shipped.

Cranberries were on the market yesterday for the first time this season, and were selling for 20 cents a quart. The wholesale commission houses received several barrels from Cape Cod on the coast of Massachusetts, and they are the first of the crop. The season runs until next August.

Vegetables and fruits of all kinds now in season were on the market for today's prices. German prunes were on the market yesterday and sold for 30 cents a peck. They are the latest prunes to ripen and the crop lasts up until the severe frosts.

The following were yesterday's quotations:

Meat.

Beef, 15 to 25c per pound. Veal, 12 1/2 to 20c. Mutton, 8c to 15c. Pork, 12 1/2 to 20c. Dressed lamb, 12 1/2 to 25c; lamb chops, 15c to 25c.

Fish.

Sea bass, 15c per pound. Black bass, 20c per pound. Codfish, 15c per pound. Rockfish, 15c per pound. Salmon, 17 1/2c per pound. Halibut, 15c. Striped bass, 20c. Whiting, 20c. Mackinaw trout, 25c. Sole and flounders, 12 1/2c. Catfish, 15c. Shad, 15c. Perch, 15c. Mackerel, fresh, scarce, 20c. Salt, 10c to 15c. Smelts, 15c per pound. Fresh codfish, 15c. Lobsters, California, 17 1/2c per pound. Oysters, extra select, 60c per quart can. New York oysters, 50c a can; 25c dozen.

Poultry.

Hens, live, 15c; dressed, 18c per pound. Spring chickens, dressed, 22 1/2c per pound. Spring ducks, 20c per pound.

Dairy Products.

Butter, creamery, 20c per pound. Ranch, 15c to 20c per pound. Eggs, 25c to 30c per dozen. Cheese, Utah cream, 15c to 20c per pound; eastern, 20c; Limburger, 30c; Imported Swiss, 40c; brick, 35c. Honey, comb, 15c box; strained, 25c per pint.

Vegetables.

Parsnips, two bunches for 5c. Potatoes, new, 10c to 15c per bushel. Sweet potatoes, large size, 30c per bushel. Salmon, 17 1/2c per pound. Halibut, 15c. Striped bass, 20c. Whiting, 20c. Mackinaw trout, 25c. Sole and flounders, 12 1/2c. Catfish, 15c. Shad, 15c. Perch, 15c. Mackerel, fresh, scarce, 20c. Salt, 10c to 15c. Smelts, 15c per pound. Fresh codfish, 15c. Lobsters, California, 17 1/2c per pound. Oysters, extra select, 60c per quart can. New York oysters, 50c a can; 25c dozen.

Fruits.

Grapes, black, 10c per pound and 10c per basket. Nectar, 10c per pound. Apples, 10c per bushel. 50c per bushel. Cantaloupes, Utah, 5c to 10c each. Plums, green, 25c per bushel. Potatoes, 10c per bushel. Prunes, 15c box. Lemons, 20c to 25c per dozen. Pigs, 15c per head. Oranges, Valencia, 25c to 30c per bushel. Bananas, 15c to 20c per dozen. Apples, 10c to 15c per bushel. Peaches, 40c to 50c per bushel. Utah apples, 20c to 30c per bushel. Pears, Utah, 30c per bushel. Bartlett, 20c per bushel. Plums, 15c per bushel.ectarine, 30c per bushel. damson plums, 40c per bushel. Concord grapes, 10c per bushel. Raisins, 25c per bushel. Pear tomatoes, 50c a case.

Grain.

Wheat and shorts, \$1.10 per hundred. Corn, \$1.55 per hundred. Oats, \$1.45 per hundred. Milling wheat, \$1.10 per bushel. Feed, \$1.35; rolled, \$1.50.

Hay and Straw.

Alfalfa, \$12 per ton. Timothy, \$16 per ton. Straw, 45c per bale.

Flour.

High patent, \$2.50; straight grade, \$2.70; bakers' No. 1, \$2.25.

NEW BOOKS FOR LIBRARY.

List of Thirty-five Volumes to be on Shelves Tomorrow.

The following thirty-five books will be added to the public library tomorrow morning.

French.

Bourget—"Cosmopolis." "Disciple." "L'Etape." "Coppee—"Contes en Prose." Daudet—"Lettres de Moulin." "Tartarin de Tarascon." "Tartarin sur les Alpes." Dumas—"Dame aux Camelias." France—"M. Bergeret a Paris." Loti—"Madame Chrysanthe." "Mon Frere Yves." Merimee—"Columba." Zola—"Paris." "Rome."

German.

Bjornsen—"Uber Unsere Kraft." John—"Zweite Frau." Munsterberg—"Die Amerikaner." 2 vols. Nietzsche—"Also Sprach Zarathustra." Rosseter—"Wald Geschichten." Scheffel—"Thompeter Von Sakkingen." Stinle—"Familie Buchholz." "Humoresken." Sudermann—"Heim at Ehre."

Miscellaneous.

Barry—"Poems." Chambers—"Maeval Stage." 2 vols. Dodge—"Napoleon," vol. 1 and 2. Hakluyt—"Voyages," vol. 7. Picton—"Religion of the Universe." Smith, Ed.—"Elizabethan Critical Essays." 2 vols. "Manchu and Muscovite."

LAST YELLOWSTONE EXCURSION.

Sept. 24.

Via O. S. L. Round trip only \$49.50. This rate covers all necessary rail and stage transportation, and hotel expenses beyond Monday for seven days' tour. See agents for further particulars. City Ticket Office, 201 Main St.

FEAST YOUR EYES

On the best of pictures ever brought to Salt Lake. Now on sale at greatly reduced prices at Derge's.

The Rocky Mountains.

When you go on that eastern trip see that your tickets read via The Colorado Midland, either going or returning. You get the best scenery this way. Through Standard and Tourist Sleepers.

Blanks for assessments and delinquent notices intended for publication in The Herald will be furnished free upon application to this office.

ARE YOU INTERESTED IN LATE STYLES? IF SO, MAKE OUR
ACQUAINTANCE. WE SHOW THE LATEST"Chesterfield"
Ready-to-Wear Clothes

Perfection of fit and permanency of shape are the leading features of the "Chesterfield" Clothes for Fall and Winter seasons. The garments were designed—in various styles trimmed in faultless taste and brought to the pinnacle of perfection by the best tailoring talent in this country, and are better than any made-to-order suit in Salt Lake.

IF THE FRONT OF ANY "CHESTERFIELD" SUIT WE SELL BREAKS OR GETS OUT OF SHAPE IN TWELVE MONTHS, YOU GET YOUR MONEY BACK OR A NEW SUIT.

Prices \$20 to \$45.
FULL DRESS AND TUXEDO SUITS \$40 to \$60
OVERCOATS \$20 to \$30.

J. WILL GRAY & BRO.

153 MAIN East Side, Under the Electric Sign "GRAY'S"

MANY PRISONERS
ASK FOR PARDONState Board Considers List of
Applications.

HAWORTH CASE CONTINUED

MOST IMPORTANT CASES GO
OVER FOR A MONTH.

The state board of pardons met in regular session yesterday and considered the applications of a number of prisoners confined in the penitentiary for pardon, parole or commutation of sentence.

Nathan F. Haworth, convicted of murder and sentenced to be shot, but who was committed to state's prison Aug. 1, 1900, after the board had commuted his punishment to life imprisonment, was an applicant for pardon. His case was continued until the next meeting, to be held on the third Saturday in October.

The case of Jesse F. McMillan, who went to the penitentiary July 29, 1898, under a twenty years' sentence for murder, also went over until the next meeting. McMillan asked the board to parole him. The case of John W. Long, under sentence of twenty years since Jan. 20, 1902, who also asked for a parole, was also continued.

Other Cases Considered.

The following cases were also before the board:

Henry Wright, sentenced May 22, 1890, to nine years for burglary; application for commutation of sentence denied.

James Ackenbach, sentenced March 21, 1893, to five years for robbery; application for commutation of sentence continued.

Thomas Inlay, sentenced Nov. 3, 1903, to two years and six months for felony; application for parole continued.

Frank Wilson, sentenced in April term of court to five years for arson; application for pardon denied.

Zal Graham, sentenced July 14, 1903, to four years for grand larceny; application for pardon denied.

Vito Del Vicho, sentenced Nov. 6, 1901, to six years for criminal assault; application for parole denied.

William H. Burton, Jr., sentenced June 6, 1903, to two years for grand larceny; application for pardon continued.

James Meacham, convicted at Vernal, Utah county, Nov. 19, 1894, of felony, but not sentenced; application for pardon granted on account of youth and other extenuating circumstances.

SHOOTING IN THE DARK

Some Surprising Results Obtained by Vessels of the Atlantic Squadron.

Washington, Sept. 17.—Remarkable results have already been obtained in the naval target practice now going on in Menomsha light. The vessels of the North Atlantic squadron in last spring's target practice broke all the world's records for rapidity and accuracy of fire, both with big and little guns, but this was daylight work under favorable conditions for good shooting. The big ships are now doing some extraordinary night shooting. The experience of the Russo-Japanese war has convinced the general board that in the future the great naval battles may be fought at night and it is certain that most of the torpedo boats will be done in the hours of darkness. Hence it is believed to be essential to develop the gun pointers in night work and already surprising results have been obtained in the practice in the night. Under her eight-inch guns one of the battleships made eight hits out of nine shots at night. The target, distant about a mile, was illuminated by a searchlight and the gunners used a special night sight. The ship from which this shooting was done was forging ahead in the open sea at ten knots.

FIRE IN STATE PRISON.

La Porte, Ind., Sept. 17.—Fire today destroyed five five-story buildings inside the state prison walls at Michigan City, causing a loss of over \$100,000. The fire started from a dry kiln chair factory, according to a statement by the authorities, although rumors are in circulation that the convicts fired the buildings.

YALE CATALOGUE.

New Haven, Conn., Sept. 17.—The triennial catalogue of Yale university, issued today, shows that there are 12,744 living graduates and 9,291 dead graduates of Yale, a total of 22,035. The gain in living graduates for the three years is 1,238, and 449 Yale graduates have died during that time.

STEADILY SINKING.

Bellin, Sept. 17.—Prince Herbert Bismarck, according to the latest reports from Friedrichsruhe, is steadily sinking.

AT FALL STYLES

BARTON'S STORE.

Yes Sir! Your new suit and overcoat are waiting for you. Handsome? Well, they are just the finest garments you ever put on your back.

Reliable? In every respect. Our clothing is made by one of the very best makers in this country. There's no better. The price is right. There isn't a flaw in anything here.

Come and see what you think about it.